UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

MARCIA MILIANO,

Plaintiff,

-against-

BEST CARE INC.,

Defendant.

24-CV-6671 (LTS)

TRANSFER ORDER

LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN, Chief United States District Judge:

Plaintiff Marcia Miliano, a resident of Bay Shore in Suffolk County, New York, brings this *pro se* action under the Court's federal question jurisdiction, alleging that Defendant violated her rights. Named as Defendant is Best Care Inc., Plaintiff's former employer, for whom Plaintiff provides a Bay Shore address. For the following reasons, the Court transfers this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1406 to the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York.

## **DISCUSSION**

Under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), a civil action may be brought in

(1) a judicial district in which any defendant resides, if all defendants are residents of the State in which the district is located; (2) a judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred, or a substantial part of property that is the subject of the action is situated; or (3) if there is no district in which an action may otherwise be brought as provided in this section, any judicial district in which any defendant is subject to the court's personal jurisdiction with respect to such action.

Under Section 1391(c), a "natural person" resides in the district where the person is domiciled, and an "entity with the capacity to sue and be sued" resides in any judicial district where it is subject to personal jurisdiction with respect to the civil action in question. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c)(1), (2).

Plaintiff alleges that Defendant violated her rights in Suffolk County, New York, where

Defendant resides. Because Defendant reside in Suffolk County, and the alleged underlying

events occurred in Suffolk County, from the face of the complaint, it is clear that venue is not

proper in this Court under Section 1391(b)(1), (2).

Under 28 U.S.C. § 1406, if a plaintiff files a case in the wrong venue, the Court "shall

dismiss, or if it be in the interest of justice, transfer such case to any district or division in which

it could have been brought." 28 U.S.C. § 1406(a). Plaintiff's claims arose in Suffolk County,

which is in the Eastern District of New York. See 28 U.S.C. § 112. Accordingly, venue lies in the

Eastern District of New York, 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2), and in the interest of justice, the Court

transfers this action to the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, 28

U.S.C. § 1406(a).

**CONCLUSION** 

The Clerk of Court is directed to transfer this action to the United States District Court

for the Eastern District of New York. Whether Plaintiff should be permitted to proceed further

without prepayment of fees is a determination to be made by the transferee court. A summons

shall not issue from this Court. This order closes this case in this court.

The Court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C § 1915(a)(3), that any appeal from this order

would not be taken in good faith, and therefore in forma pauperis status is denied for the purpose

of an appeal. See Coppedge v. United States, 369 U.S. 438, 444-45 (1962).

SO ORDERED.

Dated:

September 9, 2024

New York, New York

/s/ Laura Taylor Swain

LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN

Chief United States District Judge

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